The Convention

May not be able to satisfy the ambition of all the candidates. But

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G. A. VAN PELT-17TH YEAY.

(Any one claiming to be my successor is a FRAUD.)

FINE FLOUR AND FOOD CEREALS.

M. M. CUMMINGS,

Successor to Van Pelt, at 62 N. Delaware st., bought Mr. Van Peit out in June, 1893, and paid him for his stock and a cash bonus for his good will, and I am still at the same old stand, with the very best Flours and Food Cereals, Gluten and Whole Wheat Flours, Oats, Corn, Hay, elc. Remember Red Front, 62 N. Delaware. Call Telephone 703, new book.

PRINCESS FLOUR

Best made. Ask your Grocer.

EDITOR SENT TO JAIL

Mr. Rosewater, of the Omaha Bee,

Charged with Contempt.

Arrested, Fined \$500 and Sentenced to

Thirty Days Because One of His Re-

porters Angered a Judge.

OMAHA, Neb., April 24.-Edward Rose

water, editor of the Bee, was to-day sen-

tenced to imprisonment for thirty days and

to pay a fine of \$500 for alleged contempt

of court. Without being given an oppor-

tunity to appeal, Mr. Rosewater was or-

dered taken to jail at once, and for six

hours he was behind the bars of the Doug-

lass county jail. At 6 o'clock the State Su-

preme Court granted a supersedeas, and

Mr. Rosewater was released until the case

can be reviewed by the higher court. The

alleged offense committed by Mr. Rose

water was in allowing to be printed in the

Bee a local article, in which it was stated

that there was evidently some partiality

shown to certain criminals in the District

Court, as of two men caught robbing a

railroad depot, the poor man was sentenced

to prison and the son of wealthy parents

was given his liberty without the case com

ing to trial. The facts in the case were not

denied, but the judge, C. R. Scott, who had

dismissed the case in question, felt ag-

grieved at the word "pull," used in the ar

ticle, and had the reporter who wrote the

matter brought before him for contempt

After a disgraceful scene in court, the re

porter was sent up for thirty days, and

then Judge Scott concluded to arraign the

The case was called for hearing to-day

and nearly the whole bar of Douglass coun-

ty and hundreds of citizens were present in

court to listen to the pleas. Evidence was

introduced to show that Mr. Rosewater

knew nothing of the article complained of;

that he was not in the office on the date

of its publication; that he had not directed

the preparation of the matter, and, in fact,

was entirely ignorant that an article of any

such nature was about to appear. In spite

defendant guilty after giving him a severe

tongue lashing that provoked some demon-

stration from the audience. The judge

then started to impose sentence without

be heard. But the editor proposed to have

a demand that he be heard. This the court

at first refused to grant, but Mr. Rose-

water insisted, and after much confusion

he said: "If men who own property, who

run corporations, who employ men in

various walks of life, if these men were

held responsible for the criminal conduct

of all their employes there would not be

fails enough in America to accommodate

them. It is a monstrous doctrine. I had

rather rot in forty jails and prisons than

to surrender what has been fought for by

the fathers of this Republic, which include

the liberty of the press to criticise public

submit to this ordeal. It will not hurt me

If there is anything that I am guilty of

zens for helping this late Colonel Scott to

At the conclusion of Mr. Rosewater's

talk Judge Scott ordered the sheriff to hur-

ry the prisoner to the county jail to serve

out the sentence of thirty days. The sen-

tence was the chief topic of discussion in

SALOONS WIDE OPEN.

No Restraint on Liquor Selling in Gov-

ernor Tillman's State.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 24.-Carloads of

whisky are being received here and saloons

are open as under the former regime. Beer

is on tap at all places at 5 cents a glass.

effort to conceal their business. Prohibi-

tionists threaten to take a hand and have

arrests made to test whether prohibition

exists. So far, however, no warrants have

been sworn out. It is understood that the

Supreme Court is anxious to give a speedy

earing to test the case if one can be

Children often need some safe cathartic

and tonic to avert approaching sickness.

Simmons Liver Regulator will relieve colic.

headache, sick stomach, indigestion, dys-

entery and the complaints incident to child-

become judge of this court.'

the city to-day.

brought before it.

I have been guilty of any contempt at

servants-and the courts are public servants

his rights and interrupted the court with

giving Mr. Resewater an opportunity to

of the evidence Judge Scott declared the

editor of the paper on the same charge.

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daily except Sunday 3:30 p. p. ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

daily except Sunday......10:30 a. m. stands at west end Union Station and can be taken at 8:30 p. m. daily. For further information call at Union Ticket Office, corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue, and Union Station, and Massachusetts avenue.

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THE COGHLANS RECONCILED. Rose and Charles Will Act Together-Miss Beveridge Discarded.

ST. LOUIS, April 24.-If there was ever an estrangement between Rose and Charles Coghlan it does not exist to-day. Brother and sister met here to-day, and for over an hour they talked about their future plans. To ascertain, if possible, the reason for the visit of Mr. Coghlan, a reporter called on Miss Rose Coghlan, her brother absolutely refusing to be seen. She, in reply to questions, said: "I will state that he did not come to St. Louis to join our company. I intend to open at Madisonsquare Theater, New York, May 18, and as Charles will be with me, he came on here rehearse his own play, 'Checkbook,' which we have played before, and which we Intend to open with in New York.' As to Miss Kuehne Beveridge, Miss Coghan said: "I do not know where she is, as never asked my brother. I have never recognized her as my brother's wife, and l ever will. Mr. Coghlan only had one wife, and that lady is still living."

FORTUNES FOR BEARS.

Wheat Drops to 571-4 Cents, the Low-

est Price Ever Recorded at Chicago. CHICAGO, April 24.-May wheat broke all records to-day and sold on the Boarl No effort has been made so far to stop of Trade at 57% cents, the lowest price | the sale, and proprietors are making no ever recorded. It was the climax of the oppression that has forced the market lower and lower during the last three weeks, and the whole buil fraternity is squirming. The oldest grain trader on the floor can remember nothing like the present movement, and there are some who say wheat will reach 50 cents a bushel or To-day's transactions, with a few that have gone before, have made fortunes for not a few of the traders and speculators doing business on the board. It is said that the profits in this deal by Ed Pardridge are \$250,000, and S. C. Rosecrans, who has been trading with Pardridge,

Chairman and the Old Order of

Soldiers' Home Movement Indorsed-Michener Sends a Telegram to Wil-

At 10 o'clock this morning the Republicans of Indiana will gather at Tomlinson Hall in State convention to nominate the ticket which will be elected by an overwhelming majority at the polls next November. The unusually immense attendance of Republicans is certainly to be considered a criterion of the sentiment in Indiana this year, and it is patent to anyone that such crowds have never before been seen in Indianapolis the day before a State convention. The streets yesterday were alive with people from out of town, half of them wearing badges of their favorite candidates, and the other half showing by their conversations and demeanor that they were here for politics-and good Republican politics at that. It was a herculean task, indeed, to pass from one end of the Denison rotunda to the other yesterday afternoon, so dense was the jam of candidates, delegates and their friends.

the different nominations, and it is not refore where the result was so much in doubt. The large number of candidates makes combinations almost impossible, the weaker candidates being the only ones to

body is shouting for Scholz. The entire the members arrived at the hotel they in the rotunda of the hotel, and then proquarters. Next came a delegation from Anney-general. The supporters of W. W. Hauck, of Terre Haute, next appeared at the hotel. A delegation of several hundred came over from that city, wearing Hauck badges, and making all the noise they their favorite pretty busy shaking hands with the delegates brought to him after they begun to mingle with the crowds in the hotel. A delegation five hundred strong and headed by the Danville Band came over from Hendricks county for the purpose of duly impressing the delegates with the importance of W. R. McClelland, candidate for Clerk of the Supreme Court. his own county was evidenced by a large delegation from Fort Wayne, who came

A large delegation came in from Lebanon and proceeded to urge upon all delegates that the members could corral the especial claims of A. C. Daily. Morgan county came up for J. H. Jordan. Noblesville sent over a couple of carloads of shouters for Leonard Wild for Treasurer. The delegation was headed by Judge Stevenson, of that place, and in it were such prominent men in Republican politics as George W. Shirts. Major Wainwright, Dr. Lower, William Christian, Taylor Johns and others. From Randolph county an unusually large delegation came down upon the assemblage urging the claims of Monks for Supreme judge. Other large delegations came in

from other counties. hundreds. No matter how small or how large the delegation, each was enthusiastic for some particular candidate, and it seemed the smaller the delegation the louder it shouted for the purpose of making up in noise what they lacked in numbers. With many of the delegations women came, some of them to urge the claims of husbands or fathers. Among these was the daughter of Mr. Scholz, of Evansville, who ters and did all a woman could do for the success of her father in the approaching contest. Mrs. John Lovett also took an active part in the ante-convention work in the interest of her husband for Attorneygeneral. She did not confine her work wholly to the vicinity of her husband's headquarters, however, for she was in various

parts of the house during the day. The delegation which arrived on Sunday and has been working for Webster S. Richey, of Muncie, for Auditor was augmented yesterday by another large delegation from that place, and swelled the crowds that swarmed his headquarters. Mr. Richey's supporters are confident of success. Johnson county sent up its full quota of working Republicans to support R. A. Brown, of the Franklin Republican, for the nomination for Clerk of the Supreme Court. The delegation did not stop to shout or make noise, but immediately settled down to active hard work for its favorite. A Greenfield delegation was in, prepared to make a valiant effort on behalf of R. A. Black, of that place, for the same nomination. Chairman Bidgood, of the Hancock county committee, and Mr. Montgomery were among the chief engineers of the Black

Yesterday afternoon friends of the different candidates began to make claims for their respective favorites. Most, if not all of them, admitted that there was nothing upon which to build with any degree of certainty, but all of them made claims covering anywhere from two or three counties to several districts. The friends of Marcus Sulzer claimed that he had made some gains in the southern part of the State. One of his stanch supporters said Clark county had held a caucus and decided to call its vote for him. Jasper Packard is of the same congressional dis-

Both of these candidates are from the southern part of the State and have two opponents from the northern section. These are Jones and Owen. The friends of both of these candidates claim that they are gaining. Nor are the friends of Watson behind the others in their claims of strength for their candidate. He is now

county, among which are County Clerk Greene and a number of the active workers in Republican politics of the county. They have not been idle and claim their work has yielded some results.

In the race for Auditor there is much speculation and a general belief that it will require a number of ballots to decide upon a man. Several combinations were mentioned during the day yesterday, and in the list nearly every candidate for the office was mentioned. All of the candidates have strength in their respective localities and it seems that it may be a question of endurance to a large extent in the convention. The location of the candidates with reference to the location of candidates lower down the ticket may have some effect upon the race.

In the race for Treasurer Scholz and Wild are more frequently mentioned in suggested combinations, but Levy has strength and his friends are claiming for him that he will surprise his opponents in the con-

In this county the greatest interest has all along and still centers in the race for Attorney-general. There are three candidates from the county for the office, and the outside candidates are looking on at the contest between the candidates in this county and laying plans to try and capture the vote of either when there is a break, if there is one. The other candidates for the office outside this county each have considerable strength.

When it gets down to the race for Clerk of the Supreme Court it is admitted that absolutely nothing can be predicted. The large number of candidates for the office come from various portions of the State, and the nomination may perhaps be influenced by the location of the candidates that are nominated before the convention gets as far down the ticket as that office. In the shuffle for the more important offices, so considered, the candidates for Sureceiving a great deal of attention, but their friends are taking advantage of this

Judge Cardwell, of New Albany, thinks General Packard, for Secretary of State, will have votes on the first ballot from at least fifty-seven counties. His total vote on the first ballot will be about 450, thinks Judge Cardwell. He is the only soldier candidate for Secretary of State.

R. W. THOMPSON FOR CHAIRMAN. Committee on Organization Meets-

Order of Business Unchanged. The committee on permanent organization, rules and order of business organized by electing Brainerd Rorison, of Fort Wayne, chairman, and U. Z. Wiley, of Fowler, secretary. Colonel Richard W. Thompson, of Terre Haute, was selected to preside over to-day's convention, the committee being almost unanimous in the choice. James N. Huston, of Connersville, was placed in the field against "Uncle Dick," but it was generally agreed that the latter's selection was not only in excellent taste and acceptable to all Republicans, but it also did away with any chance of bad feeling on the part of the adherents of the various candidates who

would enter the lists were Col. Thompson considered out of the race. Charles E. Wilson, of Lebanon, editor of the Lafayette Courier, was the choice of the committee for secretary of the convention. Frank Blackledge, of this city, was pitted against him, but the contest was a brief one, Mr. Wilson being selected on the first roll call. It was urged by S. E. Kercheval, who nominated him, that he was reading clerk in the famous Greene Smith Legislature and could make himself heard in all sorts of confusion, being the possessor of a good "convention voice." The secretary was authorized to select two assistants, or reading clerks, and such other assistants as may be necessary to repeat the calls from half way back in the aisles of the big hall.

The rules of the Fifty-first Congress were adopted to govern the convention. The committee considered an amendment that the lowest candidate be dropped after the second ballot, but nearly every member expressed himself in opposition to this, believing it to be a most unpopular and injudicious thing to do, whereupon the amendment was withdrawn. It was very aptly said during this discussion that the lowest man on the second ballot was occasionally the one who captured the nomination.

The matter of changing the order of nominations from that of the call was broached by Mr. Kercheval in the form of an amendment to Mr. Aiken's motion that the call be followed in the convention work. Mr. Kercheval wanted the Supreme Judges nominated after the executive offices had been disposed of, namely, Secretary, Auditor and Treasurer. He urged that as the call stood the Judges would be left until the last, and as the convention seemed likely to run two days not half the delegates would remain to dispose of what he regarded as the most important and honorable part of the ticket. It was of the highest importance, he said, that the Judges should be chosen by a representative body of delegates, and not by a scattering few, who would be all that would be found able to remain over Thursday for the convention. A precedent for the change had been established in the Republican State convention of 1888, when the Supreme Judges were nominated immediately after Lieutenant Governor.

Judge Nebeker was decidedly opposed to changing the order of business from that set in the call, and warned the committee that such a move would be adversely criticised and would be sure to cause dissatisfaction among the candidates, who had come to regard the call as fixing the official order of nominations. He wanted to go on record as against the proposition, and would take the trouble to explain his position to the candidates if the change was made, as he did not feel like taking the responsibility for what he considered a bad move. Major Doxey, Mr. Aiken and others took the same ground, while Mr. LaFollette supported Mr. Kercheval's amendment, strongly urging that it was a part of the committee's duty to make any change in the order of nominations that it deemed best, and that it the members thought such change right they should not hesitate because of a fear of taking some responsibility. Besides, he knew that many delegates expected a change. Judge Wiley and others also spoke in the same strain, the sentiment seeming to be about evenly divided. This was demonstrated by the vote by which the proposition to deviate from the call and nominate the Supreme judges immediately after the treasurership question was settled, was defeated by one vote. Messrs, Kercheval, Schrieder, Robinson, Durnan, Wiley and LaFollette voted for it and Messrs. Newhouse, Aiken, Doxey, Nebeker, Ade, Rorison and Hess against it. Mr. Alken's motion was then agreed to unanimously, and the order of nominations stands, therefore, just as it did in the call. There was the best of feeling throughout and subsequent to the discussion and vote. It was decided by the committee that all resolutions and amendments to resolutions offered in the convention must be referred to the committee on resolutions without

reading or debate. The order of receiving committee reports was fixed as follows: Permanent organization, rules and order of business, credentials, resolutions

A motion was made and agreed to that the secretary of the convention shall announce the names of all candidates to be voted for in the order of nominations as the committee's call the call of without and that no nominating speeches shall be made, and all counties shall vote as called. By this means it is hoped to facilitate business to such a degree that the convention can get through to-day. The committee, upon adjourning, waited upon Colonel Thompson and informed him of its choice of him for presiding officer of the convention.

THE PLATFORM BRIEF.

Favors a State Soldiers' Home-Smith's Methods Denounced. The committee on resolutions held a prolonged session in the rooms of the State committee last night. Every topic before

and hearings were given to a few persons who had special ideas to present. The platform will take the party grounds in regard to protection, demand the fair enforcement of the pension laws, declaring that a pension certificate is a vested right. The resolutions commit the party to the establishment of a State soldiers' home; declare for nonpartisan management of the charitable and penal institutions of the State; denounce the gerrymander; con-demn the extravagance of the State government and abuses of the Attorney-general

One resolution embraces the features of the Lodge proposition to double the duties on the imports of nations which refuse to join in an international agreement to put silver on the same basis as gold by establishing an international ratio for the free coinage of both metals. The platform is short, and is confined to practical questions affecting the industrial conditions of the country and better management of affairs in Indiana, omitting all ide issues.

THE CONVENTION PROGRAMME. Ex-President Harrison Will Speak in

the Morning. The arrangements at the hall for the onvention are all complete. Everything possible, consistent with the size of the hall, has been done to make it accommodate the immense crowd. The seating capacity has been enlarged to the extent that every available inch of space is occupied with extra chairs. Within the inclosure reserved for delegates no one will be admitted except the delegates and candidates. This rule will be strictly enforced by the sergeant-at-arms, Harry Mounts. Upon the enforcement of this rule will depend to a large extent the length of the convention, as it will be impossible for the chairman to hear the votes as announced if the delegates are moving around the hall.

The State committee expected the demand for tickets to be very large, but it has exceeded the members' expectations by fully 100 per cent. At 8 o'clock last night all the tickets had been given out, and the demand had only just begun. Hundreds of good Republicans who came here expecting to get in the hall were necessarily disapcointed by not being able to get tickets Secretary Seeds, of the State committee, said last night that he had no doubt that the demand for tickets was sufficient to fill a hall that would seat ten thousand

Ail tickets, except stage tickets, will be recognized only at the front door, and stage tickets at the Delaware-street entrance. All persons holding press tickets will enter at the front door. The first thing when the convention is called to order will be an address by the chairman, followed by General Harrison. I'here will be no other speeches. It is expected that balloting will begin soon after

THE CONVENTION COMMITTEES. State Convention Delegates Meet by

11 o'clock.

Congressional Districts. The delegates to the convention met by their respective districts last night, and for each district chose a member of the committee on resolutions, a member of the committee on permanent organization, a vice president of the convention, an assistant secretary and a member of the committee on credentials. All of the district meetings, except that of the Seventh, met in rooms at the Statehouse, and found the quarters wholly inadequate to hold the crowds. At a number of the meetings people were obliged to stand out in the hallway and corridors. There were no in dorsements of candidates at the meetings. The Fifth district expressed a sentiment in favor of choosing Hon. Richard W. Thompson, of Terre Haute, to preside over the convention. This district also thought it would be advisable for the committee on permanent organization not to change the rules of the convention so as to permit the nominations of Supreme judges first. The following are the members of the

various committees chosen: Committee on Resolutions. First District-Henry S. Bennett. Second District-J. P. Throop. Third District-R. J. Tracewell. Fourth District-J. B. Rebuck. Fifth District-Capt. David E. Bean. Sixth District-A. O. Marsh. Seventh District-R. O. Hawkins, Elighta District-Frank M. Dice. Ninth District-J. A. Kautz. Tenth District-J. Y. Youchey. Eleventh District-E. L. Goidthwaite. Twelfth District-F. W. Wilhs. Thirteenth District-O. Z. Hubbell.

Committee on Credentials. First District-Morton Miller. Second District-Jonathan Keith. Third District-Ai Cooperider. Fourth District-David Wilson. Fifth District-John E. Edmondson. Sixth District-L. P. Newby. Seventh District-S. A. Wray. Eighth District-George M. Allen. Ninth District-David H. Coulter. Tenth District-Addison K. Sills. Eleventh District-R. S. Peterson. Twelfth District-James S. Drake. Thirteenth District-Capt. Uriah Culbert. Committee on Organization.

First District-S. E. Kercheval. Second District-C. F. Schrieder. Third District-E. H. Robinson. Fifth District-Bartholomew Aiken. Sixth District-R. h. Durnan. seventh District-Maj. C. T. Doxey. Eighth District-E. H. Nebeker. Ninth District-U. Z. Wiley. Tenta District-Will H. Age. Eleventh District-J. J. M. LaFollette. Tweifth District-Brainard Rorison. Thirteenta District-W. B. hess.

Vice Presidents. First District-John Zimmerman. Second District-W. H. Edwards. Third District-M. C. Garber. Fourth District-S. J. Merritt. Fifth District-Judge William F. Johnson. Sixth District-J. H. Koons. Seventh District-W. H. H. Quick. Eighth District-James T. Jonnston. Ninth District-W. V. Stoy. Tenth District-Thomas P. McCoy. Eleventh District-Warren G. Sayra Twelfth District-W. H. Liggett.

Thirteenth District-Hiram Beggs. Assistant Secretaries. First District-Gilbert R. Stormont. Second District-J. H. Weathers. Third District-Fred H. Nauer. Fourth District-Marsh Stevens. Fifth District-Frank J. Singleton. Sixth District-Frank Mosbaugh. Seventh District-E. E. Stoner. Eighth District-A. A. Holmes. Ninth District-M. W. Pershing. Tenth District-Major Bitters. Eleventh District-W. M. Amsden. Tweltth District-J. B. Prickett. Thirteenth District-Lucius Hubbard.

MICHENER SENDS A TELEGRAM. Mr. Wilson, However, Clears Himself of the Charges Made.

Telegraphic correspondence passed between G. W. Wilson, candidate for Auditor, and L. T. Michener, yesterday, in regard to the charges made by Mr. Michener against Mr. Wilson's Republicanism. Mr. Wilson secured a number of statements, which exonerate him from the ill-timed and ill-advised accusations of Mr. Michener. During the day the subjoined telegram was sent to Hon. L. T. Michener, at Wash-

"In your recent letter, sent promiseuously throughout the State of Indiana, you say you will, in the event of my nomination, give to the press reasons why I should not be elected. In justice to myself and the Reublican party I deem it your duty to state them previous to the meeting of the Republican convention to-morrow, and will cheerfully defray the expense of your telegraphic reply to me or any of your friends,
"G. W. WILSON,"

In response the following was received from Washington:

"To G. W. Wilson, Denison House: "You misinterpret my letter. I said that should you be nominated I intended to give all the facts to the press and the public plainly referring to your disloyalty in 1888. as set forth in the letter to which you refer. You know that my letter states nothing but the truth, and it will afford me pleasure to prove it by reputable witnesses living in Fort Wayne should the occasion re-L. T. MICHENER."

held here on Wednesday, and intimate acquaintances and neighbors of G. W. Wilson, who will be a candidate before the convenwho will be a candidate before the convention for Auditor of State, have noticed with regret an article in the News of this city, last Saturday evening, charging him with disloyalty to his party. This article does him great injustice. While Mr. Wilson was opposed to Gen. Harrison at the last nominating convention, yet when that convention named General Harrison as its candidate, no one worked more earnestly and sincerely for his success than Mr. Wilson. Not only is this true, but Mr. Wilson was one of General Harrison's most ardent supporters and workers in his most ardent supporters and workers in his first presidential campaign. As firm sup-porters of General Harrison in both nominating conventions, we can vouch for

This is signed by Judge L. M. Ninde, D. N. Foster, Allan H. Dougall, Samuel L. Morris, Brainard Rorison, John Morris and William M. Glenn.

Allan H. Dougall, who was secretary of the Allen county Republican central committee in 1888, says he was present when Mr. Wilson, as chairman, handed the tickets to the committeemen and gave them instructions. These were printed from the stereotype plates sent by the State central committee, and no one could have more ardently worked for the success of the entire ticket than Mr. Wilson. He particularly cautioned them not to be misled by the friendly advances of Bruce Carr's opponent, who was a resident of Allen county. Mr. Dougall says he has made diligent inquiry of other members of the committee, none of whom knew of spurious tickets. Mr. Dougall adds that although Mr. Michener refers to Messrs. LaFollette and Bookwalter to prove his charge both have publicly denied his as-

Homer C. Hartman says he had an in-terview with Hon. James N. Huston, chairman of the Republican State committee in 1886 and 1888, in which Mr. Huston

"During your incumbency did you ever know, officially or otherwise, of any charges against G. W. Wilson, chairman of the Allen county committee, of disloyalty to the Republican ticket?"
Mr. Huston replied: "I never did, but, on the contrary, I always regarded him as one of our most reliable and trustworthy chairmen in the State."

The spectator who stood in the corridor of the Denison as the crowd surged back and forth caught half sentences like this: "General Packard is-our county is for Ritchey and he-Jones represents the farmers-the ticket must be scattered over the -give us our man and we will get a Senator and three-come off, he hasn't a ghost -Sulzer is-Owen will get second and gain -Marion county is all split up and will-Hurrah for Watson-He isn't in it." The tall figure of C. W. Fairbanks loomed up. Half a dozen young men surrounded him "We'll put you in old Voorhees's seat."
"There is Charles L. Henry, he hadn't the fun of a contest-I can name"-and the rest was not heard. But one might have stood there till midnight and have got no more information than these half sentences

Brass Bands Will Not Win.

Some of the candidates seemed to imagine that the convention was to be carried by bands and shouters, but a delegate from Michigan City and a prominent business men expressed the general opinion when he sail: "These fellows mistake the men who will compose the convention if they assume that it can be carried by brass bands and shouters. We are here on serious business. There never were so many business men to attend a convention who have left their farms, their stores, their mills and business to inaugurate political action which will put an end to the present condition. It is a convention that cannot be stampeded with noise." Marion County's Organization.

The Marion county delegation will go into the convention to-day with a perfect organization, which was completed at Criminal Court at 6:20 last night. All of the delegates were present, and each received his ticket to the convention. Gen. R. S. Foster was chosen chairman of the organization and H. C. Adams was made secretary. Each township and ward will choose a chairman to-day, who will canvass the vote of his respective ward and township and report the same to two secretaries who were appointed by the chairman last night. These secretaries are Charles W. Moores, of the Third ward, and Joseph Gasper, of the Seventh ward.

Editorial Association Meeting. The executive committee of the State Republican Editorial Association met at the Denison House yesterday afternoon. Charles Landis, of the Delphi Journal, presided. The meeting was called to arrange for the annual editorial convention at Lake Maxinkuckee, which convenes July 31. The secretary was in receipt of a c tion from the management of the Vandalia railway, offering transportation to the editors and their friends and desiring to know how many members of the association would attend. This matter was referred to a committee. The association will di-vide its time between Maxinkuckee, Benton Harbor and South Bend.

Churchmen in the Fray. Brethren Church from Richmond is in the army. Judge Sanborn also telegraphed a city opposing the nomination of Judge D. lengthy account of the matter to Attorney-W. Comstock, of Richmond, for Supreme Court Judge, on account of his decision in a is embodied in his statement to Judge church litigation. The decision was given in a case where a number of the member of the church seceded from that body. Some of the delegates thought that the opposition to Judge Comstock on such grounds would strengthen his candidacy.

Order of Nominations. The following is the order in which the nominations will be made to-day:

Secretary of State. Auditor of State. Treasurer of State. Attorney-general. Supreme Court Clerk. Superintendent of Public Instruction. State Statistician. State Geologist. Two Judges of the Supreme Court.

Only One Contest. The committee on credentials found very little work to do, for which the members were duly grateful. About the only point they had to settle was the contest in the Tenth ward, Indianapolis, which they dereported by the subcommittee appointed by

the Marion county committee. A Reception to the Nominees. The Traveling Men's Republican Club will give a reception Saturday night to the nominees of the Republican State convention. Arrangements have been made for receiving a large number.

Want Delegates Vaccinated. Some anonymous correspondent of the State Board of Health wants all the con-

Aute-Convention Notes. J. W. Crumpacker, of LaPorte, was mingling with the delegates. "Jeff" Claypool is at the head of Connersville delegation. The Danville band tooted its horns vigorously for W. R. McClelland.

There is a large number of attorneys delegates to the convention. James E. Watson had the Progress Band, of this city, in his headquarters last North Vernon sent up a delegation com-

posed of Fred H. Mauer, C. B. Curtis and "It looks more like a national than a State convention," was a remark frequently heard last night.

D. P. Shockney, of Union City, was busily engaged all day about the hotel working for his favorites. Mayor Terhune, of Anderson, is looking after the interests of John Lovett in the race for Attorney-general.

Ex-Attorney-general W. H. H. Miller was a frequent visitor at the hotel, and met his friends from over the State. Hugh Scott, Grant Snyder and G. B. James came down from Fowler and took part in the ante-convention work. The Danville Band, O. M. Piersal director, came over to help make sweet music for the convention. It serenaded the Journal yes-

Hon. Richard W. Thompson, who will preside over the convention, came to town yesterday. As he entered the dining room

Nearly 500 Montana Coxeyites Speeding Toward the East.

At Butte They Seized a Northern Pacific Engine and Cars, Manned Them with "Soldiers" and Started for St. Paul.

TRACKS ORDERED CLEARED

By Railway Officials, Who Feared Possible Loss of Life.

Kelly's Industrial Army Rent by Muting and Desertions - General Frye's Army Coming to Indianapolis.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 24.-The Coxey. ites at Butte, Mont., broke into the Northern Pacific roundhouse last night, seized an engine and train, manning them from their own number, and started east at forty miles an hour. There are 475 men in this branch of the industrial army, under command of "General" Hogan, and they have been camped at Butte for several days, while their leaders were trying to arrange for transportation. This had been refused, and the men came to the conclusion that if they wanted a train they must take it, and proceeded to do so. In the army are men of all occupations, including the Northern Pacific roundhouse at Butte was broken into, an engine fired up and run out, a train made up, the army marched aboard and then a train crew of the "soldiers" took charge of the train and started east at the best possible speed. At midnight they had reached Bozeman. where the crew stopped to wait until day-

Sheriff Conrow, of Livingston, received a dispatch this afternoon from the attorneys of the road instructing him to arrest "General" Hogan on the charge of the larceny of a train, and a warrant has been sworn out by the company's local attorney. There was considerable excitemnt in Livingston over the coming of the army, and it was awaited with great interest. The army was delayed several hours at Timberline, fourteen miles west of Livingston, but the train got through there this afternoon and came on to Livingston. Such trifles as running orders did not deter the Coxey brigade, and from the time it left Butter until the time it reached Bozeman the officials were kept in a fever of anxiety lest a collision should occur. A subscription for the army's benefit was taken up and the money, meat and other provender collected was turned over to "General" Hogan. Superintendent Finn was asked whether the Coxey brigade would take the right of way to the end of the road, and laconically replied: "They have done it so far." When the officials sent them word to look out for trains they replied: "If you don't want your trains hurt keep them out of the

The latest report received at St. Paul is that after supper Hogan's warriors prepared for their trip East, and the train was all ready to start. Officials of the Northern Pacific in this city have given orders for a clear track. General Manager Kendrick said, when asked about the matter: "It is all we can do, for we have too much regard for human life to do anything else. It is now believed that if the men make the same time they have thus far made they will reach this city some time to-morrow night. Rev. David Morgan, superintendent of the Bethel, of this city, is soliciting supplies for the army when it shall arrive. Just what the authorities will do. if anything, cannot yet be known. Nothing has been heard here of the service of the warrant for the arrest of "General" Hogan, at Livingston, on the charge of larceny of a train.

Troops May Be Called Out. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 24.-Judge Henry C. Caldwell this evening received a telegram from Judge Sanborn at St. Paul, giving particulars of the seizure of a train A delegation of members of the United of the Northern Pacific by the industrial general Olney, a copy of which telegram Caldwell. Judge Sanborn states that similar "armies" are now located at several other towns on the line of the Northern Pacific and closes by stating that traffic and business on the road is in a confused State, owing to the danger involved. Judge Caldwell forwarded the following message to Attorney-general Olney, together with Sanborn's statement:

"The right to the possession, control and use of the property of the Northern Pacific railroad in the Eighth judicial circuit is in the receivers of the United States Circuit Courts appointed by those courts in the districts through which said road runs. It is the highest duty of those courts to protect their officers in the possession of and use of said property. If the persons who forcibly and illegally seized a train of cars on said road in Montana shall bring the same into the Eighth circuit it will be the duty of the United States Circuit Courts of the circuit to use all the powers of the cided in favor of the delegates favorably , government at their command to capture said train and restore the possession thereof to the officers of said courts and punish the guilty parties. I respectfully request that the general commanding the department be directed to render the United States marshals of the district of North Dakota and Minnesota such assistance as may be necessary to enforce the orders and authority of the court in the matter of restoring said property to the possession of Judge Caldwell telegraphed United States Marshal J. E. Croman at Fargo, N. D., as follows: "If the persons who forcibly and illegally seized a train of cars on the Northern Pacific in Montana belonging to the receivers of said road should bring the same into your district it will be your duty to seize the same and to restore the possession thereof to the receivers appointed by the United States Circuit Court for your district. It will be your duty to summon a posse sufficient for this purpose. The Attorney-general of the United States has been requested to procure a direction to the general commanding the department to render you any assistance necessary to enable you to execute this order." The same order was sent to the United States marshal at St. Paul, Minn.

KELLYITES QUARRELING. Another Meeting and Court-Martial-

One Hundred Desert. WALNUT, Ia., April 24 .- Soon after Kelly's army marched out of Walnut to-day at least a hundred men left the ranks and started across the country in various directions. The long march ahead and the vanishing prospect of securing a train caused a rapid dissolving of the enthusiasm which has heretofore marked the progress of the army, and the men quietly dropped out. Kelly disclaimed all knowledge of the desertion, and asserted that he knew of but ten or twelve men who had quit, but the men in the ranks acknowledged that their comrades were leaving and the fear was expressed that the desertions would rapidly grow more numerous. Pinkerton's men are also on the train, and it is expected that

THE STRUGGLE TO-DAY

Candidates Now Await the Will of Republican State Convention.

Hon. Richard W. Thompson Chosen for Business Determined Upon.

son-Gen. Harrison to Speak.

There are few favorites in the races for called when there was a convention be

seek these combinations. The first large delegation of the day to arrive was from Evansville, where everydelegation wore Scholz badges, and when were shouting with lusty voices for their candidate. They stopped but a short time ceeded upstairs to the headquarters of Scholz and made their presence known on the floor occupied by the candidates' headderson, proclaiming the fact that Madison county wanted John W. Lovett for Attorcould for the man from Vigo, and kept The popularity of George W. Wilson in "hollering" themselves hoarse for their candidate. A number of them said they came specially to show that the Michener

letter was not given any credence whatever in Allen county.

They arrived on every train and in all numbers, from the half dozen up into the stationed herself at her father's headquar-

trict, the Third, and his friends claim that

In refutation of Michener's charge the appended document was yesterday pre-"The undersigned, delegates from Allen